NABAKEM NBM-8003

MEGA CHECK DEVELOPER

SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Identity (Trade Name As Used On Label) : MEGA CHECK DEVELOPER

Chemical Family : Blended Compound

Manufacturer Name /Address :

NAMBANG CNA CO., LTD. / 392-3 Chupal-ri, Paengsung-Eup, Pyongtaek-si, Kyonggi-do,

KOREA 451-805

TEL: 82 31 651 5911~8 FAX: 82 31 691 6441 / 82 31 658 6441

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SECTION 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS	CAS NUMBER	%*	Hazardous
Isopropyl alcohol	67–63–0	50~60	_
Talc powder	14807-96-6	1~10	_
Silica	7631-86-9	1~10	_
Liquified petroleum gas	68476-85-7	<35	_

SECTION 3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

NFPA Rating :

NFPA Rating	Health	Flammability	Reactivity
Isopropyl alcohol	2	3	0
Talc powder	1	0	0
Silica	1	0	0
Liquified petroleum gas	2	4	0

Eye Contact : Vapors cause eye irritation. Splashes cause severe irritation, possible corneal burns and eye damage.

Skin Contact : May cause irritation with redness and pain.

Inhalation : Inhalation of vapors irritates the respiratory tract. Exposure to high concentrations has a narcotic effect, producing symptoms of dizziness, drowsiness, headache, staggering, unconsciousness

Ingestion : When swallow , fatality or noxious

SECTION 4. FIRST AID PROCEDURES

- Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.
- Eye : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Call a physician.
- Ingestion : If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

SECTION 5. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point : −73°C(Liquified petroleum gas)

Auto-Ignition Temperature : No information found

Flammability Limits in Air % by Volume : 1.9 / 9.5% (Liquified petroleum gas)

- Extinguisher Media : Dry chemical, alcohol foam or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective. Water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool.
- Special Fire Fighting Procedures : In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSHapproved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Combustion by-products include phosgene and hydrogen chloride gases. Structural firefighters' clothing provides only limited protection to the combustion products of this material.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards : No information found

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors, to protect

personnel attempting to stop leak, and to flush spills away from exposures.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Protect against physical damage. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated location, away from any area where the fire hazard may be acute. Outside or detached storage is preferred. Separate from incompatibles. Containers should be bonded and grounded for transfers to avoid static sparks. Storage and use areas should be No Smoking areas. Use non-sparking type tools and equipment, including explosion proof ventilation. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

Do not heat above 50℃.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

- Ventilation System : A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.
- Respiratory Protection : A NIOSH/MSHA chemical cartridge respirator should be worn if PEL or TLV is exceeded.

Eye Protection : Use face shield, goggled or safety glasses.

Protective Gloves : Use solvent resistant gloves for brushing and spraying.

Other Protective Clothing and Equipment : Lab coat, eye wash, and safety shower.

Hygienic Work Practices : Wash hands with soap and water after use and/or before breaks, lunch and at the end of work periods. Remove contaminates clothing and launder before reuse.

Airborne Exposure Limits : (Isopropyl alcohol) TWA : 400ppm, 980mg/m³

(Talc powder) TWA : 2mg/m³

(Silica) TWA : 10mg/m³

(Liquified petroleum gas) 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m³) OSHA TWA

1000 ppm ACGIH TWA

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Appearance : White liquid.

Odor : Alcohol odor Ph : No information found Solubility in Water : Insoluble Boiling Point : No information found Melting Point : No information found Vapor Pressure(mmHg) : No information found Specific Gravity ($H_2O = 1$) : 0.88 ± 0.05 Vapor Density (Air =1) : No information found Evaporation Rate (Ether=1) : No information found

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY : Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage

Conditions to Avoid : Heat, flame, ignition sources, light, moisture, incompatibles

Incompatability (Materials to Avoid) : Open flames, welding arcs, nitrogen tetroxide, oxygen, liquid oxygen, sodium, sodium hydroxide, and sodium-potassium alloy, strong alkalis, oxidizers, aluminum and other reactive metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Products : Carbon oxide

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingestion : Oral rat LD50 : 5000mg/kg (Isopropyl alcohol) Oral rat LD50 : 2520mg/kg (Liquified petroleum gas) Skin : Skin rabbit LD50 : 12800mg/kg (Isopropyl alcohol) Inhalation : Inhalation rat LD50 : 16000ppm/8hr (Isopropyl alcohol) Other data : No information found

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Biodegradation : No information foundFish Toxicity : No information foundActivated sludge respiration inhibition : No information foundAlgal growth inhibition : No information found

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed in a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Aerosol Class 2 UN No. 1950

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Follow all regulation in your country

SECTION 16. PREPARATION DATA OF MSDS

This information has been faithfully prepared on the basis of various knowledge and information and is not to guarantee the quality of this product. Also, this information can be changed without prior notice in accordance with introduction of new knowledge and test results, etc. For inquiries, please contact us or the place of product purchase